

Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada





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Did you know...
the College of Nursing, USask has an historical nursing artifact (medicine chest) that once belonged to Florence Nightingale?





...and it has been in Canada for over 100 years!

1. Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada

OVERVIEW

- ☐ Types of Medicine Chests
- ☐ How Medicine Chests were used?
- Description of the Chest
 - Professional Photos of the Chest
 - Locations of the chest
 - Value of the chest



Land Acknowledgement

National

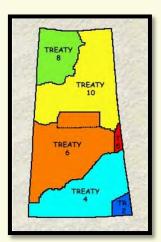
 In Canada, from coast to coast, we acknowledge the ancestral unceded territories and treaty lands of the First Nation, Inuit, and Métis peoples who have been displaced with colonization.

Provincial

 We acknowledge in this province, the University of Saskatchewan is on Treaties #2, 4, 5, 6, 8, and 10 lands.

Local

In Saskatoon, we are on Treaty #6 land.



Treaty #6 Medicine Chest Clause

- Treaty # 6 signed in 1876 was the most significant treaty in relation to health.
- Treaty #6 contained the 'Medicine Chest Clause'.
- The medicine chest was kept in the home of the Indian Agent for use by, or at the discretion of the Indian Agent.
- Interpretation health care for all Indigenous people in Canada forever.
- This was a significant benefit until Universal Medicare was established making health care available to all Canadians.



Treaty #6 Medicine Chest Clause

- This simple box style of medicine chest was one type or style of wooden medicine chest from the 1700-1800s
- In this presentation we will discuss other types of Medicine Chests made in that same time-period



Florence Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada

Types of Ancient Medicine Chests: 1700-1850s







Cabinet style



Box style

Florence Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada Display Case Pictures







Florence Nightingale Medicine Chest

Original information card in display case with medicine chest



FLORENCE NIGHTINGALE'S MEDICINE CHEST

This chest came to the School of Nursing after it had been given to the College of Medicine by Dr. and Mrs. H.D. Weaver in 1956.

It was given by Miss Nightingale's sister Lady Verney to Mr. I. Milsom, gardner to the family. Mr. Milsom came to Saskatoon to do landscaping for the City sometime about 1890 and eventually gave this chest to Dr. and Mrs. Weaver.

Florence Nightingale Museum (FNM) in London England



Florence Nightingale Museum (FNM), London



This museum celebrates the life, work, and legacy of the best known figure in nursing history - Florence Nightingale, with a collection of over 3000 exhibits



1854-56 Crimean War

- •Dating back to 1850's the Nightingale medicine chest is a historical artifact.
- •Nightingale purchased the medicine chest(s)in England and in 1854-56, took 38 volunteer nurses to the Crimea, along with the medicine chest(s), for them to use in caring for wounded soldiers.



Medicine Chest (Box)
Florence Nightingale Museum



Medicine Chest once owned by FN came to Canada in 1912, now located CoN, USask

Medicine Chests: Purpose



- Constructed from wood by highly skilled cabinet makers;
- Made in the 18th & 19th century;
- Fitted out by chemists
- Sold at apothecaries in London, England;
- Often owned by affluent individuals for home or long journeys;
- Used to store medical remedies for common ailments;
- Typically contained opium-based painkillers, laxatives, smelling salts and other herbal tinctures;

What Would Have Been In - the Medicine Chests?

How was it Used?

- Nightingale took medicine chests (like the cabinet style type here in Canada and the medicine chest or box displayed at the Florence Nightingale Museum FNM: 2023h) to the Crimea.
- Most of the medicines in it were for treating gastric complaints, and many were highly toxic if used inappropriately.
- Paregoric Elixir had painkilling properties but was largely used as an antidiarrhea remedy, while Aromatic Confection was seen as a tonic that could also purge the system of trapped wind. Essence of Ginger, Citric Acid, Powdered Rhubarb and Carbonate of Magnesia and Soda were used to relieve flatulence and spasms of the stomach and bowels.
- The Medicine Chest also carried quinine for malaria, and Carbonate of Potassium for fever.
- The chest at the FNM also has a tiny set of scales and measures, and a beaker for measuring liquids (Preston, 2020; FNM, 2023h).

What Nightingale medicine chest(s) were used for?

Medicine Box at

Florence Nightingale Museum in London, England

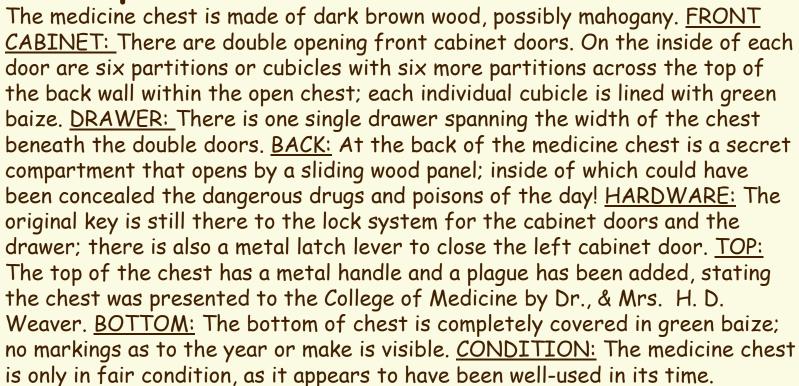


Medicine Chest (Box). Florence took this (small 6"X5'X4") medicine chest (box) to the Crimean War for her and her nurses to use if needed. Most of the medicines are for upset stomach and diarrhea, showing Florence's foresight. It included quinine for malaria, ipecacuania wine used for dysentery or coughs and carbon of potassium for fever. Aromatic confection was a tonic and was also used to purge the system of blocked wind. Paregoric elixir has painkilling properties but was largely used as an anti-diarrhea remedy. Essence of ginger, citric acid, powdered rhubarb, carbonate of magnesia, and soda were to relieve flatulence, and spasms of the stomach and bowels. The medicine chest also contains two containers of pills labelled "tonic pills" and "cough pills", a tiny set of scales and measures, and a glass beaker for measuring liquids. Much of the contents of the chest are highly toxic (Florence Nightingale Museum [FNM]: 0694 and 0596.

Florence Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada

Size: 12"h, x16"w, x8"d

Description:







Photos and Description

Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada



Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada (12"h x 16"w x 8"d)



Front - Open Chest



Front - Closed Chest



Back - Closed Chest



Back - Closed Chest



Back - Secret Compartment



Table Base - Over drawer



Damage noted to table base of cabinet over the drawer Appears to have been well used in its time. Looks as if there are stains on the green baize due to past liquid spill.

Table Base - Over drawer

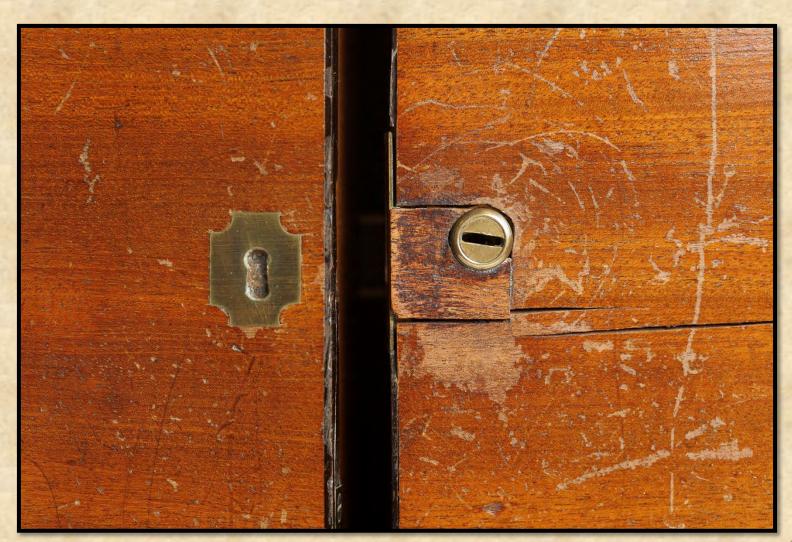


This well-worn appearance may provide some credibility or evidence of the medicine chest allegedly was taken to the Crimea by Nightingale because it was well-used at one time? If it was in pristine condition - it would not









Bottom - Green Baize



Bottom - Green Baize



Drawer - Under



Drawer - Under



Drawer - Bottom - Signature?



Drawer - Signature?



Top: Handle and Plaque

Presented by Dr and Mrs H. D. Weaver Saskatoon



Locations of the Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada at the University of Saskatchewan





1956-Location of the Medicine Chest

1956 Murray Memorial Library, Murray Building:

 For many years the Florence Nightingale Medicine Chest was displayed on the ground floor, Saskatchewan Archives of the Murray Memorial Library.

 The Murray Memorial Library on the University of Saskatchewan campus in Saskatoon shortly after it opened in 1956. The offices of the Saskatchewan Archives were located on the ground floor until around 2004



(SK Archives Photo, Photographic Services series, 56-626-03)

Locations of the Medicine Chest ...at University of Saskatchewan



1956 Murray Building opened Murray Memorial Library Ground Floor - SK Archives



2013 New E-Wing opened. Medicine Chest placed in Dube Health Science Library



1974 Display Plexiglass Case built and chest place in Health Sciences Library, B-Wing



2015 Nightingale Medicine Chest moved to 4th Floor E-wing

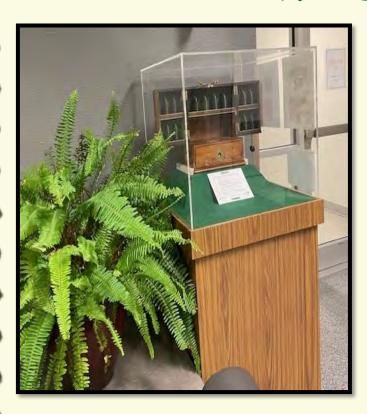


2012 Nightingale Medicine Chest moved to A Wing College of Nursing Admin Offices while Library was renovated



Future: Plans for Nightingale Medicine Chest to be moved to A-Wing Corridor for visibility

Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada



Current Location 5-foot Display Case E-Wing, 4th Floor Health Sc



Future Location
Wall Alcove - Display case
A-Wing Health Sc





To learn more:

- (1) Nightingale Medicine Chest: Description, Types, Value
- (2) Nightingale, Florence: Life & Legacy
- (3) Nightingale Medicine Chest: Custodians in Canada (prominent citizens in early Saskatchewan history).
- (4) Nightingale Medicine Chest: Research (SSHRC funded)
- (5) Nightingale Medicine Chest: Future Plans

Select on this QR Code which links to the College of Nursing webpage: About Historical Florence Nightingale Medicine Chest

https://nursing.usask.ca/about/florence-nightingale-medicine-chest.php

References

Florence Nightingale Museum. (2023h). *Medicine chest* [Display No. 28]. Exhibits from 'Florence the woman', Florence Nightingale 200 years. https://www.florence-nightingale.co.uk/medicine-chest/

Preston, A. (2020, May 9). *The lady with the wrong lamp. Marking the 200th anniversary of Florence Nightingale.* Daily Mail. https://www.dailymail.co.uk/femail/article-8289069/Marking-200th-anniversary-Florence-Nightingales-birth-life-fascinating-objects.html





THANK-YOU

Nightingale Medicine Chest in Canada

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